

TO: Interested Parties

FROM: Corrie Hunt, Jay Campbell & Geoff Garin

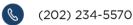
DATE: June 12, 2025

RE: Survey Finds Georgia Voters Want Democrats to Fight Budget Bill Cuts to

Clean Energy

Hart Research conducted a survey of 418 registered voters in Georgia from June 3-9, 2025. The survey, sponsored by Climate Power, assessed public reaction to the Republican budget bill's proposed elimination of clean energy investments and tested what voters want Democratic leaders in Congress to do in response.

- 1. Georgians see the Republican budget bill's energy plan as a direct threat to their wallets, energy reliability, and the broader economy.
 - After learning about the energy policies in the budget bill, 59% of Georgia's voters say the plan would hurt average Americans, and 57% say it would hurt them and their families personally. Black voters (72%) and women under 50 (68%) are especially likely to expect it to hurt them personally, but concern cuts across groups, including a majority of men over 50 (57%).
 - 62% of voters expect electricity prices to rise if the Republican budget bill passes. Majorities of Democrats (88%) and swing voters (66%) expect electricity prices to go up, while even Republicans lean toward seeing more harm than benefit (38% prices up vs 32% down).
 - 53% of voters believe the bill would hurt the reliability of the electric grid, including 73% of Democrats and 59% of swing voters. Similarly, by a 10-point margin, voters say the bill would hurt the overall U.S. economy (51% hurt, 41% benefit).
- 2. Meeting America's rising energy needs is a priority for Georgia voters, and they view clean energy and local production as critical to the solution. They overwhelmingly oppose Republican efforts to cut these investments in the budget bill.
 - Seven in 10 (72%) voters say Congress should not eliminate clean energy investments in the budget bill, including 51% who feel strongly. Opposition cuts across party lines: 88% of Democrats, 57% of Republicans, and 75% of swing voters oppose these cuts.
 - Before hearing any details, voters already lean against the Republican budget bill overall (42% oppose, 39% support, 19% unsure). Once voters learn more about what clean energy programs would be eliminated and what's at stake, opposition jumps to 66%.
 - Voters want Democrats to take a stand to protect clean energy investments in local clean energy production and manufacturing. Fully 66% say they would feel positive toward their Democratic senator if they fought to protect clean energy investments in these areas, including 82% of Democrats, 70% of Black voters, and 70% of swing voters. This is important, as 59% of Georgians—including 68% of men without college degrees—say it is important for the U.S. to beat China in clean energy manufacturing.
 - 66% of voters believe that it is very important for elected leaders to meet our country's growing energy demands. To do so, voters support federal elected leaders increasing the production of clean and renewable energy (62%) by a 33-point margin rather than increasing drilling for oil and gas (29%). Big majorities of Democrats (89%) and swing voters (63%) feel the same way.





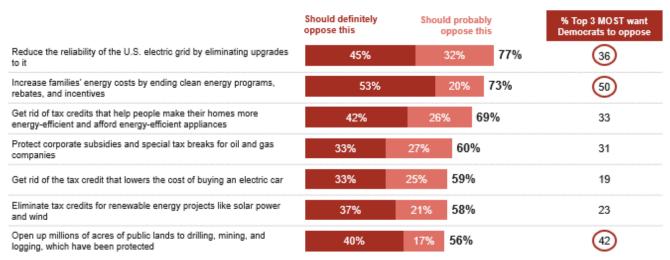
3. Clean energy investments have crossover appeal, with many of Georgia's Republican voters opposed to cuts in the budget bill.

- Half of Republicans (59%) say it's very or fairly important for the United States to increase its
 use of clean and renewable energy sources like wind power and solar energy. A similar share
 (57%) say Congress should protect clean energy investments in the budget bill.
- When Republicans hear details about the energy cuts (shown in point #4 below), majorities of Republicans want Democrats to oppose key elements: 71% want Democrats to oppose provisions that would reduce the reliability of the U.S. electric grid, and 59% also want Democrats to oppose increasing families' energy costs by ending clean energy programs, rebates, and incentives.
- There is little political risk for Democrats in taking this fight: only 15% of voters overall would feel
 negative toward their Democratic senator if they fought to protect clean energy investments, and
 Republicans are supportive as well (50% positive, 25% negative) on this point.

4. Rising energy costs and threats to the reliability of the grid in the Republican budget bill spark the strongest voter backlash.

 Large majorities of voters want Democrats to oppose major energy-related provisions in the Republican budget bill. The strongest reactions center on outcomes that would reduce the reliability of the electric grid and increase families' energy costs.





- Public land giveaways to fossil fuel, mining, and logging companies also generate a lot of concern; this part of the bill is second only to families' energy costs in terms of what Georgians most want congressional Democrats to oppose.
- While Democrats want their elected leaders in Congress to oppose the full slate of outcomes, they feel most strongly about keeping families' energy costs low (55%).
- Particularly relevant to Georgia, 59% of voters want Democrats to oppose elimination of the EV tax credit, with younger men (69%) adamant on this point.



- 5. Georgians' concerns on cost and reliability give Democrats strong frames to defend clean energy, while national security and energy dominance create an opening to go on offense against a core Republican argument.
 - Three messages stand out as the most effective frames for opposing efforts to eliminate clean energy investments:
 - [RELIABILITY] We've seen what happens when there is severe heat, ice storms, and other dangerous extreme weather: thousands of people lose power. Lives are put at risk and businesses lose millions of dollars. Eliminating these investments would leave the electric grid weaker and more vulnerable when we need it most.
 - [NATIONAL SECURITY] No foreign country should be able to threaten or control America's energy supply. To protect our national security and energy dominance, we need to produce as much energy as possible here at home. American-made clean energy keeps both money and power here in the U.S., not overseas.
 - [COSTS] With energy prices already high, now is the time to produce more energy--not less--to drive down those costs. Cutting clean energy means America produces less energy overall, and that means families will pay even more to keep the lights on. Repealing clean energy investments could increase energy costs by \$110 per family starting next year.
 - The cost and reliability arguments are most persuasive with Democrats. The national security frame generates the strongest response from Republicans and swing voters and offers a potential opening to neutralize one of Trump's perceived strengths on energy.